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## HOUSE BILL 2477

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State of Washington 54th Legislature 1996 Regular Session

By Representatives Fuhrman, Hargrove, Mulliken, Honeyford, Sheldon, Van Luven, Goldsmith, Schoesler, Grant, Chappell, D. Sommers, Silver, Benton and Johnson

Read first time 01/11/96. Referred to Committee on Government Operations.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to growth management impact fees; amending RCW
- 2 82.02.020, 36.70A.350, 36.70A.365, 36.70B.030, 36.70B.170, and
- 3 58.17.110; and repealing RCW 82.02.050, 82.02.060, 82.02.070,
- 4 82.02.080, 82.02.090, and 82.02.100.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 **Sec. 1.** RCW 82.02.020 and 1990 1st ex.s. c 17 s 42 are each 7 amended to read as follows:
- 8 Except only as expressly provided in RCW 67.28.180 and 67.28.190
- 9 and the provisions of chapter 82.14 RCW, the state preempts the field
- 10 of imposing taxes upon retail sales of tangible personal property, the
- 11 use of tangible personal property, parimutuel wagering authorized
- 12 pursuant to RCW 67.16.060, conveyances, and cigarettes, and no county,
- 13 town, or other municipal subdivision shall have the right to impose
- 14 taxes of that nature. ((Except as provided in RCW 82.02.050 through
- 15 82.02.090,)) No county, city, town, or other municipal corporation
- 16 shall impose any tax, fee, or charge, either direct or indirect, on the
- 17 construction or reconstruction of residential buildings, commercial
- 18 buildings, industrial buildings, or on any other building or building
- 19 space or appurtenance thereto, or on the development, subdivision,

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classification, or reclassification of land. However, this section 1 does not preclude dedications of land or easements within the proposed 2 development or plat which the county, city, town, or other municipal 3 4 corporation can demonstrate are reasonably necessary as a direct result 5 of the proposed development or plat to which the dedication of land or 6 easement is to apply.

7 This section does not prohibit voluntary agreements with counties, cities, towns, or other municipal corporations that allow a payment in 8 9 lieu of a dedication of land or to mitigate a direct impact that has 10 identified as a consequence of a proposed development, subdivision, or plat. A local government shall not use such voluntary 11 12 agreements for local off-site transportation improvements within the 13 geographic boundaries of the area or areas covered by an adopted transportation program authorized by chapter 39.92 RCW. Any such 14 15 voluntary agreement is subject to the following provisions:

- 16 (1) The payment shall be held in a reserve account and may only be 17 expended to fund a capital improvement agreed upon by the parties to mitigate the identified, direct impact; 18
- 19 (2) The payment shall be expended in all cases within five years of 20 collection; and
- (3) Any payment not so expended shall be refunded with interest at 22 the rate applied to judgments to the property owners of record at the 23 time of the refund; however, if the payment is not expended within five 24 years due to delay attributable to the developer, the payment shall be 25 refunded without interest.
- 26 No county, city, town, or other municipal corporation shall require 27 any payment as part of such a voluntary agreement which the county, city, town, or other municipal corporation cannot establish is 28 29 reasonably necessary as a direct result of the proposed development or 30 plat.
- Nothing in this section prohibits cities, towns, counties, or other 31 municipal corporations from collecting reasonable fees from an 32 33 applicant for a permit or other governmental approval to cover the cost to the city, town, county, or other municipal corporation of processing 34 35 applications, inspecting and reviewing plans, or preparing detailed statements required by chapter 43.21C RCW. 36
- 37 This section does not limit the existing authority of any county, city, town, or other municipal corporation to impose 38

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1 assessments on property specifically benefitted thereby in the manner 2 prescribed by law.

Nothing in this section prohibits counties, cities, or towns from 3 4 imposing or permits counties, cities, or towns to impose water, sewer, 5 natural gas, drainage utility, and drainage system charges: PROVIDED, That no such charge shall exceed the proportionate share of such 6 utility or system's capital costs which the county, city, or town can 7 8 demonstrate are attributable to the property being charged: PROVIDED 9 FURTHER, That these provisions shall not be interpreted to expand or 10 contract any existing authority of counties, cities, or towns to impose 11 such charges.

Nothing in this section prohibits a transportation benefit district from imposing fees or charges authorized in RCW 36.73.120 nor prohibits the legislative authority of a county, city, or town from approving the imposition of such fees within a transportation benefit district.

Nothing in this section prohibits counties, cities, or towns from imposing transportation impact fees authorized pursuant to chapter 39.92 RCW.

Nothing in this section prohibits counties, cities, or towns from requiring property owners to provide relocation assistance to tenants under RCW 59.18.440 and 59.18.450.

22 This section does not apply to special purpose districts formed and 23 acting pursuant to Titles 54, 56, 57, or 87 RCW, nor is the authority 24 conferred by these titles affected.

25 **Sec. 2.** RCW 36.70A.350 and 1991 sp.s. c 32 s 16 are each amended 26 to read as follows:

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A county required or choosing to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 may establish a process as part of its urban growth areas, that are designated under RCW 36.70A.110, for reviewing proposals to authorize new fully contained communities located outside of the initially designated urban growth areas.

- 32 (1) A new fully contained community may be approved in a county 33 planning under this chapter if criteria including but not limited to 34 the following are met:
- 35 (a) New infrastructure is provided for ((and impact fees are 36 established consistent with the requirements of RCW 82.02.050));
- 37 (b) Transit-oriented site planning and traffic demand management 38 programs are implemented;

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- 1 (c) Buffers are provided between the new fully contained 2 communities and adjacent urban development;
- 3 (d) A mix of uses is provided to offer jobs, housing, and services 4 to the residents of the new community;
- 5 (e) Affordable housing is provided within the new community for a 6 broad range of income levels;
  - (f) Environmental protection has been addressed and provided for;
- 8 (g) Development regulations are established to ensure urban growth 9 will not occur in adjacent nonurban areas;
- 10 (h) Provision is made to mitigate impacts on designated 11 agricultural lands, forest lands, and mineral resource lands;
- (i) The plan for the new fully contained community is consistent with the development regulations established for the protection of critical areas by the county pursuant to RCW 36.70A.170.
- 15 (2) New fully contained communities may be approved outside established urban growth areas only if a county reserves a portion of 16 17 the twenty-year population projection and offsets the urban growth area accordingly for allocation to new fully contained communities that meet 18 19 the requirements of this chapter. Any county electing to establish a 20 new community reserve shall do so no more often than once every five years as a part of the designation or review of urban growth areas 21 required by this chapter. The new community reserve shall be allocated 22 on a project-by-project basis, only after specific project approval 23 24 procedures have been adopted pursuant to this chapter as a development 25 regulation. When a new community reserve is established, urban growth 26 areas designated pursuant to this chapter shall accommodate the 27 unreserved portion of the twenty-year population projection.
  - Final approval of an application for a new fully contained community shall be considered an adopted amendment to the comprehensive plan prepared pursuant to RCW 36.70A.070 designating the new fully contained community as an urban growth area.
- 32 **Sec. 3.** RCW 36.70A.365 and 1995 c 190 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- A county required or choosing to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 may 35 establish, in consultation with cities consistent with provisions of
- 36 RCW 36.70A.210, a process for reviewing and approving proposals to
- 37 authorize siting of specific major industrial developments outside

38 urban growth areas.

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- (1) "Major industrial development" means a master planned location 1 2 for a specific manufacturing, industrial, or commercial business that: 3 (a) Requires a parcel of land so large that no suitable parcels are 4 available within an urban growth area; or (b) is a natural resourcebased industry requiring a location near agricultural land, forest 5 land, or mineral resource land upon which it is dependent. The major 6 industrial development shall not be for the purpose of retail 7 8 commercial development or multitenant office parks.
- 9 (2) A major industrial development may be approved outside an urban 10 growth area in a county planning under this chapter if criteria 11 including, but not limited to the following, are met:
- 12 (a) New infrastructure is provided for ((and/or applicable impact
  13 fees are paid));
- 14 (b) Transit-oriented site planning and traffic demand management 15 programs are implemented;
- 16 (c) Buffers are provided between the major industrial development 17 and adjacent nonurban areas;
- 18 (d) Environmental protection including air and water quality has 19 been addressed and provided for;
- (e) Development regulations are established to ensure that urban growth will not occur in adjacent nonurban areas;
- (f) Provision is made to mitigate adverse impacts on designated agricultural lands, forest lands, and mineral resource lands;
- (g) The plan for the major industrial development is consistent with the county's development regulations established for protection of critical areas; and
- (h) An inventory of developable land has been conducted and the county has determined and entered findings that land suitable to site the major industrial development is unavailable within the urban growth area. Priority shall be given to applications for sites that are adjacent to or in close proximity to the urban growth area.

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38 39 (3) Final approval of an application for a major industrial development shall be considered an adopted amendment to the comprehensive plan adopted pursuant to RCW 36.70A.070 designating the major industrial development site on the land use map as an urban growth area. Final approval of an application for a major industrial development shall not be considered an amendment to the comprehensive plan for the purposes of RCW 36.70A.130(2) and may be considered at any time.

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1 Sec. 4. RCW 36.70B.030 and 1995 c 347 s 404 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

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- (1) Fundamental land use planning choices made in adopted comprehensive plans and development regulations shall serve as the foundation for project review. The review of a proposed project's consistency with applicable development regulations, or in the absence of applicable regulations the adopted comprehensive plan, under RCW 36.70B.040 shall incorporate the determinations under this section.
- 9 (2) During project review, a local government or any subsequent reviewing body shall determine whether the items listed in this subsection are defined in the development regulations applicable to the 11 proposed project or, in the absence of applicable regulations the 12 13 adopted comprehensive plan. At a minimum, such applicable regulations or plans shall be determinative of the: 14
- 15 (a) Type of land use permitted at the site, including uses that may 16 allowed under certain circumstances, such as planned unit 17 developments and conditional and special uses, if the criteria for their approval have been satisfied; 18
- 19 (b) Density of residential development in urban growth areas; and
  - (c) Availability and adequacy of public facilities identified in the comprehensive plan, if the plan or development regulations provide for funding of these facilities as required by chapter 36.70A RCW.
  - (3) During project review, the local government or any subsequent reviewing body shall not reexamine alternatives to or hear appeals on the items identified in subsection (2) of this section, except for issues of code interpretation. As part of its project review process, a local government shall provide a procedure for obtaining a code interpretation as provided in RCW 36.70B.110.
- 29 (4) Pursuant to RCW 43.21C.240, a local government may determine 30 that the requirements for environmental analysis and mitigation 31 measures in development regulations and other applicable laws provide adequate mitigation for some or all of the project's specific adverse 32 environmental impacts to which the requirements apply. 33
  - (5) Nothing in this section limits the authority of a permitting agency to approve, condition, or deny a project as provided in its development regulations adopted under chapter 36.70A RCW and in its policies adopted under RCW 43.21C.060. Project review shall be used to identify specific project design and conditions relating to the character of development, such as the details of site plans, curb cuts,

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- 1 drainage swales, transportation demand management, ((the payment of
- 2 impact fees,)) or other measures to mitigate a proposal's probable
- 3 adverse environmental impacts, if applicable.
- 4 (6) Subsections (1) through (4) of this section apply only to local
- 5 governments planning under RCW 36.70A.040.
- 6 **Sec. 5.** RCW 36.70B.170 and 1995 c 347 s 502 are each amended to 7 read as follows:
- 8 (1) A local government may enter into a development agreement with
- 9 a person having ownership or control of real property within its
- 10 jurisdiction. A city may enter into a development agreement for real
- 11 property outside its boundaries as part of a proposed annexation or a
- 12 service agreement. A development agreement must set forth the
- 13 development standards and other provisions that shall apply to and
- 14 govern and vest the development, use, and mitigation of the development
- 15 of the real property for the duration specified in the agreement. A
- 16 development agreement shall be consistent with applicable development
- 17 regulations adopted by a local government planning under chapter 36.70A
- 18 RCW.
- 19 (2) RCW 36.70B.170 through 36.70B.190 and section 501, chapter 347,
- 20 Laws of 1995 do not affect the validity of a contract rezone,
- 21 concomitant agreement, annexation agreement, or other agreement in
- 22 existence on July 23, 1995, or adopted under separate authority, that
- 23 includes some or all of the development standards provided in
- 24 subsection (3) of this section.
- 25 (3) For the purposes of this section, "development standards"
- 26 includes, but is not limited to:
- 27 (a) Project elements such as permitted uses, residential densities,
- 28 and nonresidential densities and intensities or building sizes;
- 29 (b) ((The amount and payment of impact fees imposed or agreed to in
- 30 accordance with any applicable provisions of state law,)) Any
- 31 reimbursement provisions, other financial contributions by the property
- 32 owner, inspection fees, or dedications;
- 33 (c) Mitigation measures, development conditions, and other
- 34 requirements under chapter 43.21C RCW;
- 35 (d) Design standards such as maximum heights, setbacks, drainage
- 36 and water quality requirements, landscaping, and other development
- 37 features;

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(e) Affordable housing;

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- 1 (f) Parks and open space preservation;
- 2 (g) Phasing;
- 3 (h) Review procedures and standards for implementing decisions;
- 4 (i) A build-out or vesting period for applicable standards; and
- 5 (j) Any other appropriate development requirement or procedure.
- 6 (4) The execution of a development agreement is a proper exercise 7 of county and city police power and contract authority. A development 8 agreement may obligate a party to fund or provide services, 9 infrastructure, or other facilities. A development agreement shall 10 reserve authority to impose new or different regulations to the extent
- 11 required by a serious threat to public health and safety.
- 12 **Sec. 6.** RCW 58.17.110 and 1995 c 32 s 3 are each amended to read 13 as follows:
- 14 (1) The city, town, or county legislative body shall inquire into 15 the public use and interest proposed to be served by the establishment 16 of the subdivision and dedication. It shall determine: appropriate provisions are made for, but not limited to, the public 17 18 health, safety, and general welfare, for open spaces, drainage ways, 19 streets or roads, alleys, other public ways, transit stops, potable water supplies, sanitary wastes, parks and recreation, playgrounds, 20 schools and schoolgrounds, and shall consider all other relevant facts, 21 22 including sidewalks and other planning features that assure safe 23 walking conditions for students who only walk to and from school; and 24 (b) whether the public interest will be served by the subdivision and 25 dedication.
- (2) A proposed subdivision and dedication shall not be approved 26 27 unless the city, town, or county legislative body makes written findings that: (a) Appropriate provisions are made for the public 28 29 health, safety, and general welfare and for such open spaces, drainage ways, streets or roads, alleys, other public ways, transit stops, 30 potable water supplies, sanitary wastes, parks and recreation, 31 playgrounds, schools and schoolgrounds and all other relevant facts, 32 including sidewalks and other planning features that assure safe 33 34 walking conditions for students who only walk to and from school; and (b) the public use and interest will be served by the platting of such 35 36 subdivision and dedication. If it finds that the proposed subdivision and dedication make such appropriate provisions and that the public use 37 and interest will be served, then the legislative body shall approve 38

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- the proposed subdivision and dedication. Dedication of land to any 1 public body( $(\frac{1}{2})$ ) and/or provision of public improvements to serve the 2 subdivision((, and/or impact fees imposed under RCW 82.02.050 through 3 4 82.02.090)) may be required as a condition of subdivision approval. shall be clearly shown on the final plat. 5 Dedications dedication(( - )) or provision of public improvements(( - or impact fees))6 7 imposed under RCW 82.02.050 through 82.02.090 shall)) may be allowed 8 that constitutes an unconstitutional taking of private property. 9 legislative body shall not as a condition to the approval of any 10 subdivision require a release from damages to be procured from other 11 property owners.
- 12 (3) If the preliminary plat includes a dedication of a public park
  13 with an area of less than two acres and the donor has designated that
  14 the park be named in honor of a deceased individual of good character,
  15 the city, town, or county legislative body must adopt the designated
  16 name.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:
- 19 (1) RCW 82.02.050 and 1994 c 257 s 24, 1993 sp.s. c 6 s 6, & 1990 20 1st ex.s. c 17 s 43;
- 21 (2) RCW 82.02.060 and 1990 1 ex.s. c 17 s 44;
- 22 (3) RCW 82.02.070 and 1990 1 ex.s. c 17 s 46;
- 23 (4) RCW 82.02.080 and 1990 1 ex.s. c 17 s 47;
- 24 (5) RCW 82.02.090 and 1990 1 ex.s. c 17 s 48; and
- 25 (6) RCW 82.02.100 and 1992 c 219 s 2.

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